A prototype for efficient and secure file sharing and search on encrypted keywords

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Telsy S.p.A.

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Telsy S.p.A.

Telsy is a reliable partner for ICT security solutions and services ever since 1971.

In 1990 TELSY enters the TELECOM ITALIA Group (TIM today)

TELSY is certified by the Italian National Authority for Security as a supplier of devices, systems and solutions for information protection at all security levels.

Dozens of Governments and Corporates have adopted Telsy's solutions worldwide.



Index

- Commercial solutions for cloud encryption and file sharing
- Attribute-Based Encryption and file sharing
- Searchable Encryption
- ✓ Telsy prototype



Some notation and terminology...



Secret key Public key

Encrypted file

Group = set of users sharing some data



Commercial solutions for cloud encryption and file sharing



Encryption types



CS file sharing model: solution 0



CS file sharing model: solution 1

CA



CS file sharing model: solution 2

Group key

CA

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CSE comparison

	Solution 1	Solution 2	
Number of personal asymmetric key pairs	1	1	
Number of group asymmetric key pairs per user	0	Linear with number of groups a user belongs to*	
Ciphertext size	Linear with group size	Constant	
Revocation	Delete part of the ciphertext	Re-encryption and key re-destribution	
Public-key management	Certification Authority	Certification Authority	

* The number of groups can possibly be exponential in the number of users of the system



Attribute-Based Encryption



Attribute-Based Encryption

Attribute-based encryption is a type of public-key encryption in which the secret key of a user and the ciphertext are dependent upon attributes.

In such a system, the decryption of a ciphertext is possible only if the set of attributes of the user key matches (a policy on) the attributes of the ciphertext.

Limited security

Attribute-Based Encryption

✓ 2001 - IBE

Boneh, Franklin - "Identity-Based Encryption from the Weil Pairing"

✓ .

✓ 2006 – CP-ABE

Brent, Sahai, Waters - "Ciphertext-Policy Attribute-Based Encryption"

✓ 2006 – KP-ABE

Goyal, Pandey, Sahai, Waters - "Attribute-Based Encryption for Fine-Grained Access Control of Encrypted Data"

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2009 – FULL SECURE IBE

Waters - "Dual System Encryption: Realizing Fully Secure IBE and HIBE under Simple Assumptions"

✓ 2010 – FULL SECURE ABE

Lewko, Sahai, Waters, Okamoto, Takashima - "Fully Secure Functional Encryption: ABE and (Hierarchical) Inner Product Encryption"

✓ 2011 – Constant ciphertext

Attrapadung, Libert, de Panafieu - "Expressive Key-Policy ABE with Constant-Size Ciphertexts"

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Attribute-Based Encryption

✓ 2011 – Multi-Authority

Lewko, Waters - "Decentralized Attribute-Based Encryption"

✓ 2012 – Dynamic Credential, Ciphertext Delegation

Sahai, Seyalioglu, Waters - "Dynamic Credentials and Ciphertext Delegation for Attribute-Based Encryption"

✓ 2013 – Non-monotonic access structure

Yang, Wu, Wang, Du - "Fully Secure Attribute-Based Encryption with Non-monotonic Access Structures"

✓ 2013 – Fast Decryption

Hohenberger, Waters - "Attribute-Based Encryption with Fast Decryption"

✓ 2013 – Self-Updatable Encryption, Hidden Attributes

Lee, Choi, Lee, Park, Yung - "Self-Updatable Encryption: Time Constrained Access Control with Hidden Attributes and Better Efficiency"

✓ 2014 – Traceble ABE

Liu, Cao, Wong - "Fully Collusion-Resistant Traceable Key-Policy Attribute-Based Encryption with Sub-linear Size Ciphertexts

2015 – Anonymous ABE

Taeho, Xiang-Yang, Zhiguo, Meng - "Control Cloud Data Access Privilege and Anonymity With Fully Anonymous ABE"

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Access Control: Trusted Server



Access Control: Standard Encryption



Access Control: Attribute-Based Encryption





ABE: Attributes

2 Types:

Data description (KEY-POLICY)

User description (CIPHERTEXT-POLICY)



ABE: Policy

Can be seen as a tree graph with and, or, not, threshold gates



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ABE: Performance example

6 Attributes	20 Attributes
~0.19 ms	~0.50 ms
~0.70 ms	~2.10 ms
~1.35 ms	~3.76 ms
	6 Attributes ~0.19 ms ~0.70 ms ~1.35 ms

126-bit Security Level Elliptic Curve, CP-ABE scheme

Intel Core i7 4770 @3.4GHz

From: http://sandia.cs.cinvestav.mx/Site/CPABE



ABE: Performance example



(a) Key generation time.

(b) Encryption time.

(c) Decryption time with various levels of optimization.

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Pentium 4 @3.2 GHz

ABE: mathematics

Pairings:

 $e(g^a,g^b) = e(g,g)^{ab}$

Pairing-Based Cryptography:

Elliptic curves (no Diffie-Hellman curves)

✓ Lattices

✓ Quadratic residues



Searchable Encryption



Searchable encryption

By searchable encryption we do not mean *search over data* (e.g. words inside an email or a file), but we mean an **indexed-based search**.



Searchable encryption

	EXAMPLE	LEAKS	EFFICIENCY	SECURITY	USE
Property- Preserving Encryption	Equality PE (Det.Encr./Token) Order PE	EDB and EDB+Token reveals: - access pattern - search pattern	Sublinear in number of docs	 Frequency analisys (FA) Repeated search (RS) Dictionary attack (DA), only if public key is used 	 high minentropy data not for mail, text, personal info
	Orthogonality PE				
Functional Encryption	Anonymous IBE	 access pattern search pattern 	Linear in number of docs	- No FA - RS, DA	Hard to gues search terms
Oblivious RAM	FHE	No leaks	Very inefficient	No FA, RS, DA,	Not practical
	Symmetric Encryption Scheme		- Many communications - Reads blocks of memory instead of single encrypted keywords		"Small to medium" dataset
Searchable Symmetric Encryption	- Interactive/ Non-interactive - Response Hiding/Revealing	- search pattern - minimal controlled leakage	Sublinear + Linear Pre-Processing	- No FA	- real dataset

Telsy Prototype



Prototype

The prototype is part of a research project co-funded by the *Italian Ministry of Defence* in the context of the *National Plan for Military Research*





Pre-requisites

- We want to keep the search and storage servers independent
 - They do not communicate
 - Storage server can be a commercial one and easily replaced
- It should be possible to manage keys for search and keys for storage separately
- Access control must be implemented at a cryptographic level in order to have all ciphertext on the same place





...thanks for the attention!

