

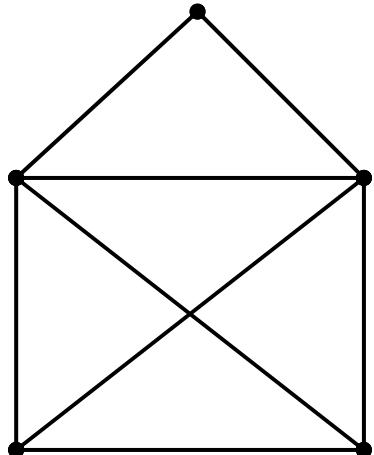
Symmetric Submodular Functions

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Minimax Acyclic Orientation

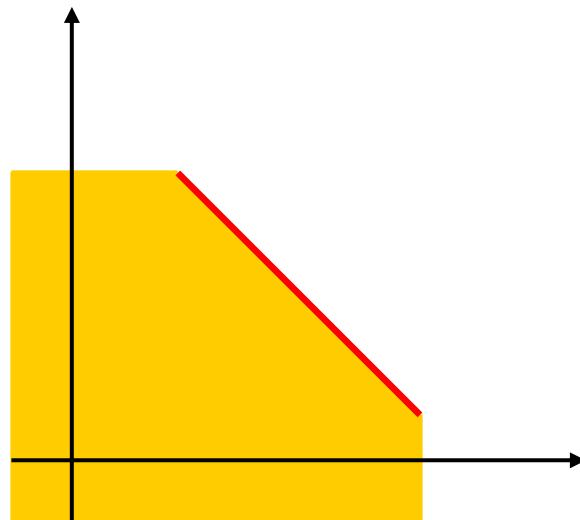
$G = (V, E)$: Graph

Find an acyclic orientation that minimizes the maximum in-degree



Minimax Extreme Base

Find an extreme point y of $B(f)$ that minimizes $\max\{y(v) \mid v \in V\}$.



Minimax Extreme Base

$S := \emptyset;$

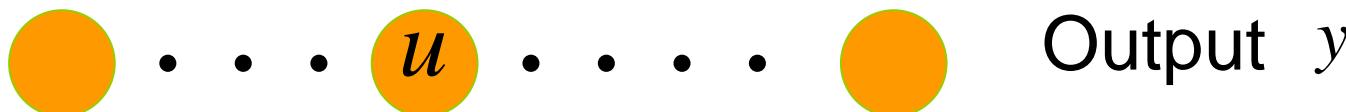
repeat

$u := \arg \min\{f(S \cup \{u\}) \mid v \in V \setminus S\};$

$y(u) := f(S \cup \{u\}) - f(S);$

$S := S \cup \{u\};$

until $S = V.$



Symmetric Submodular Functions

$$f : 2^V \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$$

Symmetric $f(X) = f(V \setminus X), \quad \forall X \subseteq V.$

Crossing Submodular

$$X \cap Y \neq \emptyset, \quad X \cup Y \neq V \Rightarrow$$

$$f(X) + f(Y) \geq f(X \cup Y) + f(X \cap Y)$$

Symmetric Submodular Function Minimization

$$\min\{f(X) \mid \emptyset \neq X \subset V, X \neq V\}?$$

Maximum Adjacency Ordering

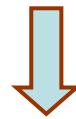
- Minimum Cut Algorithm by MA-ordering
Nagamochi & Ibaraki (1992)
- Simpler Proofs
Frank (1994), Stoer & Wagner (1997)
- Symmetric Submodular Functions
Queyranne (1998)
- Alternative Proofs
Fujishige (1998), Rizzi (2000)

Minimum Degree Ordering

Nagamochi (2007)

ISAAC'07, Sendai, Japan

Finding the family of all extreme sets for symmetric crossing submodular functions in $O(n^3\gamma)$ time.



Symmetric Submodular Function Minimization

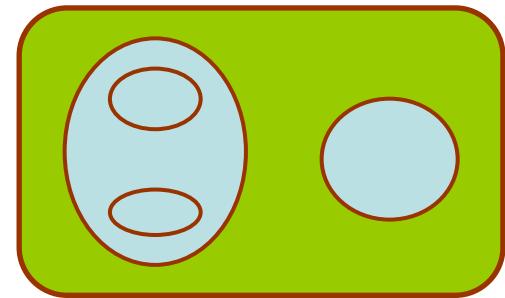
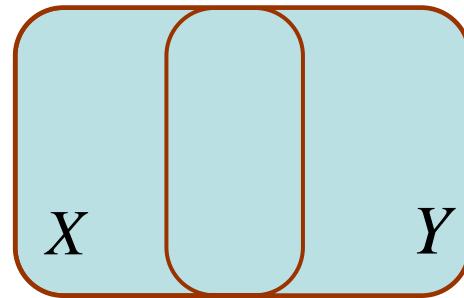
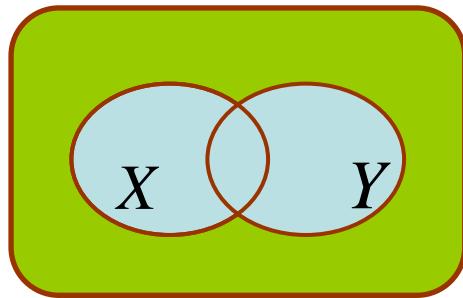
Extreme Sets

f : Symmetric Crossing Submodular Function

X : Extreme Set

$$f(Z) > f(X), \quad \forall Z \subset X : \phi \neq Z \neq X.$$

The family of all extreme sets forms a laminar.

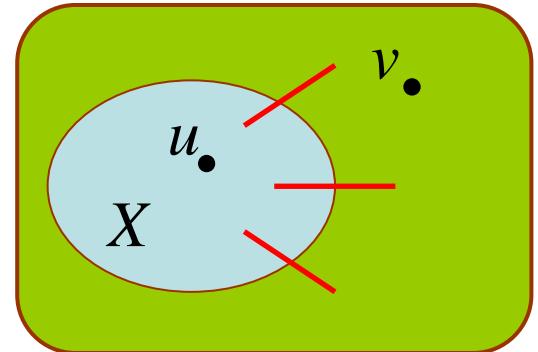


$$f(X) + f(Y) \geq f(X \setminus Y) + f(Y \setminus X)$$

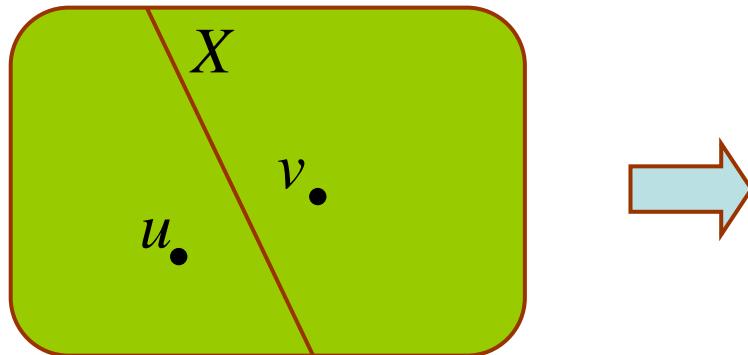
Flat Pair for Graphs

$G = (V, E)$ Undirected Graph

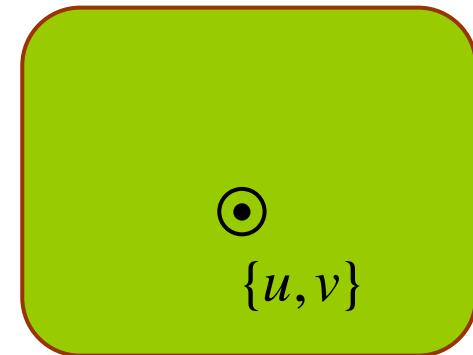
Flat Pair $\{u, v\} \subseteq V$ ($u \neq v$)



$$d(X) \geq \min\{d(x) \mid x \in X\}, \quad \forall X \subseteq V \text{ s.t. } |X \cap \{u, v\}| = 1.$$



No Extreme Sets
Separate u and v .



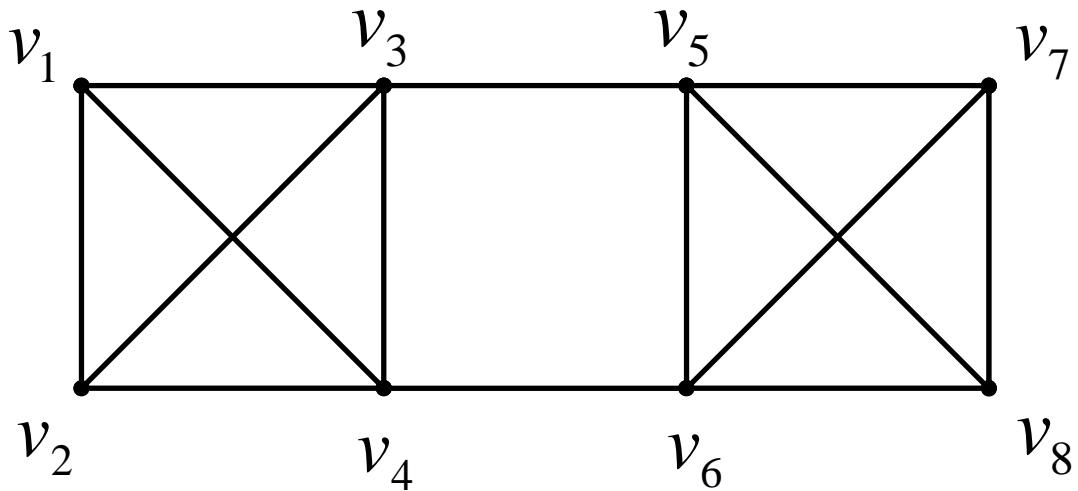
Shrink $\{u, v\}$ into
a single vertex.

Minimum Degree Ordering

MD-ordering $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{n-1}, v_n \in V$ ($n = |V|$)

$$V_i = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_i\}$$

Each v_j has minimum degree in $G[V \setminus V_{j-1}]$.



Minimum Degree Ordering

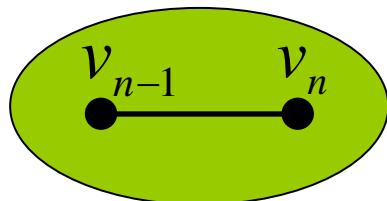
The last two vertices v_{n-1}, v_n of an MD-ordering form a flat pair.

Proof by Induction:

$\{v_{n-1}, v_n\}$: Flat Pair in $G[V \setminus V_i]$

$$i = n-2, \dots, 1, 0.$$

$$i = n-2$$



Suppose $\{v_{n-1}, v_n\}$: flat pair in $G[V \setminus V_j]$

Show $\{v_{n-1}, v_n\}$: flat pair in $G[V \setminus V_{j-1}]$

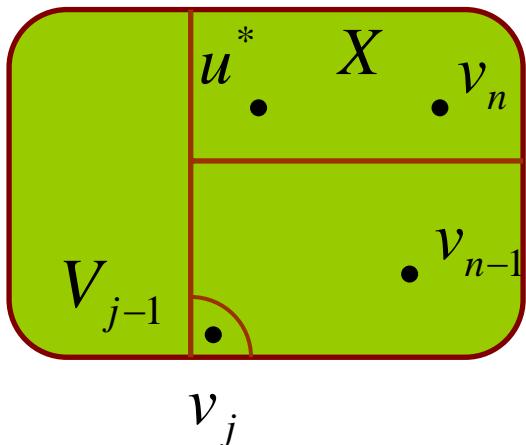
$$X \subseteq V \setminus V_{j-1}, \\ |X \cap \{v_{n-1}, v_n\}| = 1$$

d_i : cut function in $G[V \setminus V_i]$

$$d_{j-1}(X) \geq \min\{d_{j-1}(u) \mid u \in X\}.$$

$$v_j \notin X$$

$$d_j(X) \geq \min\{d_j(u) \mid u \in X\} = d_j(u^*)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \underline{d_{j-1}(X)} &= d_j(X) + d_{j-1}(v_j, X) \\ &\geq d_j(u^*) + d_{j-1}(v_j, u^*) \\ &= \underline{d_{j-1}(u^*)} \end{aligned}$$

Suppose $\{v_{n-1}, v_n\}$: flat pair in $G[V \setminus V_j]$

Show $\{v_{n-1}, v_n\}$: flat pair in $G[V \setminus V_{j-1}]$

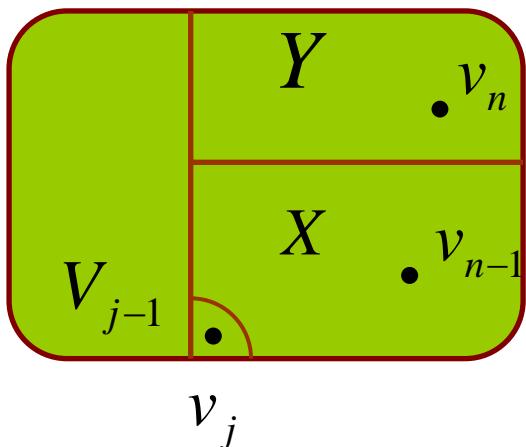
$X \subseteq V \setminus V_{j-1}$,
 $|X \cap \{v_{n-1}, v_n\}| = 1$

d_i : cut function in $G[V \setminus V_i]$

$$d_{j-1}(X) \geq \min\{d_{j-1}(u) \mid u \in X\}.$$

$$v_j \in X$$

$$Y := (V \setminus V_{j-1}) \setminus X$$



$$\underline{d_{j-1}(X)} = d_{j-1}(Y)$$

$$\geq \min\{d_{j-1}(u) \mid u \in Y\}$$

$$\underline{\geq d_{j-1}(v_j)}$$

Time Complexity

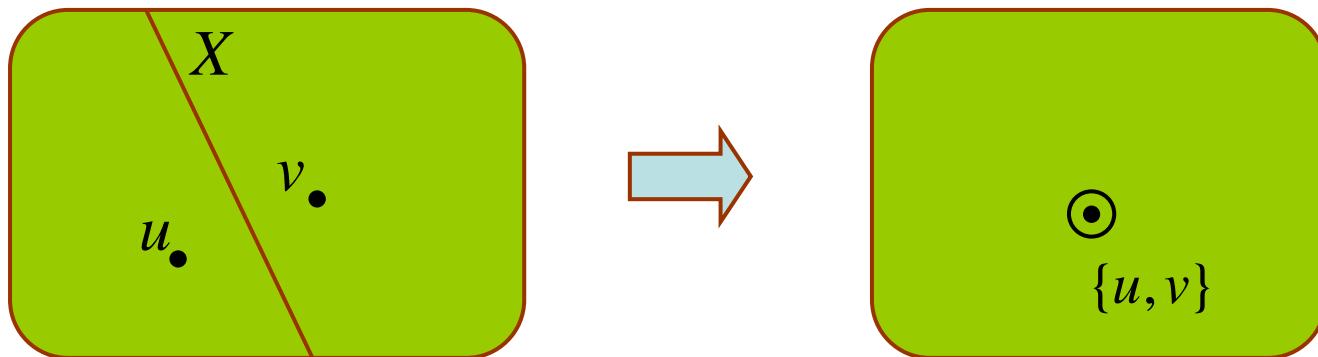
- Finding an MD-ordering in $O(m)$ time.
For weighted graphs: $O(m + n \log n)$ time.
- Finding all the extreme sets in $O(nm)$ time.
For weighted graphs: $O(nm + n^2 \log n)$ time.

Flat Pair for Symmetric Submodular Functions

Flat Pair $\{u, v\} \subseteq V$ ($u \neq v$)

$$f(X) \geq \min\{f(x) \mid x \in X\},$$

$$\forall X \subseteq V \text{ s.t. } |X \cap \{u, v\}| = 1.$$



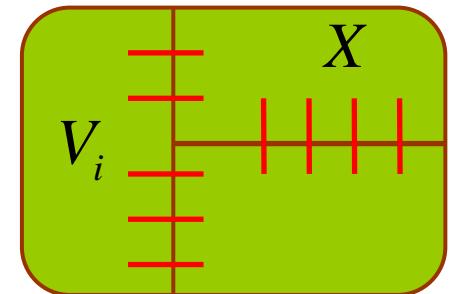
No Extreme Sets
Separate u and v .

Shrink $\{u, v\}$ into
a single vertex.

MD-Ordering for Symmetric Submodular Functions

Cut Function in $G[V \setminus V_i]$

$$d_i(X) = \frac{d(X) + d(V_i \cup X) - d(V_i)}{2}$$



$$f_i(X) := f(X) + f(V_i \cup X) \quad (X \subseteq V \setminus V_i)$$

Symmetric, Crossing Submodular

MD-ordering $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{n-1}, v_n \in V$

Each v_j has minimum value of $f_{j-1}(v)$ among $v \in V \setminus V_{j-1}$.

MD-Ordering for Symmetric Submodular Functions

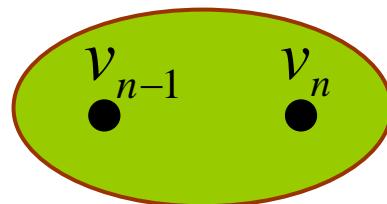
The last two vertices v_{n-1}, v_n of an MD-ordering form a flat pair.

Proof by Induction:

$\{v_{n-1}, v_n\}$: Flat Pair for f_i on $V \setminus V_i$

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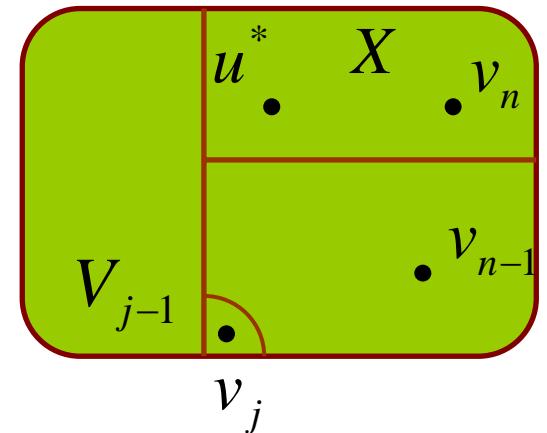


$\{v_{n-1}, v_n\}$: flat pair for f_j \rightarrow flat pair in f_{j-1}

$$X \subseteq V \setminus V_{j-1}$$

$$v_j \notin X$$

$$f_j(X) \geq \min\{f_j(u) \mid u \in X\} = f_j(u^*)$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{f_{j-1}(X) - f_{j-1}(u^*)} &= f(X) + \underline{f(V_{j-1} \cup X) - f(V_{j-1} \cup \{u^*\})} - f(u^*) \\
 &\geq f(X) + \underline{f(V_j \cup X) - f(V_j \cup \{u^*\})} - f(u^*) \\
 &= f_j(X) - f_j(u^*) \geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

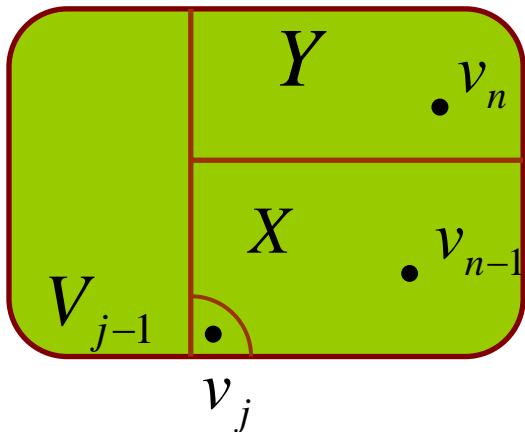
$\{v_{n-1}, v_n\}$: flat pair for f_j \rightarrow flat pair in f_{j-1}

$$X \subseteq V \setminus V_{j-1}$$

$$v_j \in X$$

$$Y := (V \setminus V_{j-1}) \setminus X$$

$$f_j(X) \geq \min\{f_j(u) \mid u \in X\} = f_j(u^*)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \underline{f_{j-1}(X)} &= f_{j-1}(Y) \\ &\geq \min\{f_{j-1}(u) \mid u \in Y\} \\ &\geq \underline{f_{j-1}(v_j)} \end{aligned}$$

Time Complexity

- Finding an MD-ordering in $O(n^2\gamma)$ time.
- Finding all the extreme sets in $O(n^3\gamma)$ time.
- Minimizing symmetric submodular functions
in $O(n^3\gamma)$ time.

Conclusion

Minimum Degree Ordering

→ Minimax In-degree Orientation,

Minimax Extreme Base

→ Extreme Sets

Symmetric Submodular Function

Minimization