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Splitting criteria for rank two vector bundles on Fano manifolds

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joint work with R. Muñoz and L.E. Solá Conde

KIAS, April 6, 2011

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Goals

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• Obtain splitting criteria for vector bundles;

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Goals

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- Obtain splitting criteria for vector bundles;
- Classify indecomposable vector bundles in different setups.

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Goals

- Obtain splitting criteria for vector bundles;
- Classify indecomposable vector bundles in different setups.
- 🗹 Uniform vector bundles on Grassmannians;

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- Obtain splitting criteria for vector bundles;
- Classify indecomposable vector bundles in different setups.
- Uniform vector bundles on Grassmannians;Fano bundles on Grassmannians of lines;

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- Classify indecomposable vector bundles in different setups.
- ☑ Uniform vector bundles on Grassmannians;
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- \checkmark Vector bundles on \mathbb{P}^n with low Fano threshold;

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- □ Fano bundles with a conic-bundle structure;

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- \Box Fano bundles with a smooth blow-down contraction;

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Uniform bundles.

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Setup Base manifold

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Setup Base manifold

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• Base field: \mathbb{C} ;

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Setup Base manifold

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- Base field: \mathbb{C} ;
- X Fano manifold;

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Setup Base manifold

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- Base field: C;
- X Fano manifold;
- $\operatorname{Pic}(X) = \mathbb{Z}\langle H_X \rangle;$

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Setup Base manifold

- Base field: C;
- X Fano manifold;
- $\operatorname{Pic}(X) = \mathbb{Z}\langle H_X \rangle;$
- $-K_X = i_X H_X$, i_X index of X;

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Setup Base manifold

- Base field: \mathbb{C} ;
- X Fano manifold;
- $\operatorname{Pic}(X) = \mathbb{Z}\langle H_X \rangle;$
- $-K_X = i_X H_X$, i_X index of X;
- $H^4(X,\mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}\langle \Sigma \rangle;$

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- $H^4(X,\mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}\langle \Sigma \rangle;$
- $H_X^2 =: d\Sigma;$

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Setup Vector bundles

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Setup Vector bundles

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• \mathcal{E} vector bundle on *X* of rank two;

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Setup Vector bundles

- \mathcal{E} vector bundle on *X* of rank two;
- $\pi : \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E}) \to X$ natural projection;

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Setup Vector bundles

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•
$$\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})}(1) := \mathcal{O}(L), \quad H := \pi^* H_X, \quad -K_{\text{rel}} = 2L - c_1 H;$$

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Setup Vector bundles

- *E* vector bundle on *X* of rank two;
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- $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})}(1) := \mathcal{O}(L), \quad H := \pi^* H_X, \quad -K_{\text{rel}} = 2L c_1 H;$
- $c_1(\mathcal{E}) = c_1 H_X \leftrightarrow c_1 \in \mathbb{Z}$, may assume $c_1 = -1, 0$;

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Setup Vector bundles

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, may assume $c_1 = -1, 0$;

•
$$c_2(\mathcal{E}) =: c_2\Sigma, \leftrightarrow c_2 \in \mathbb{Z};$$

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Setup Vector bundles

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- $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})}(1) := \mathcal{O}(L), \quad H := \pi^* H_X, \quad -K_{\text{rel}} = 2L c_1 H;$
- $c_1(\mathcal{E}) = c_1 H_X \leftrightarrow c_1 \in \mathbb{Z}$, may assume $c_1 = -1, 0$;

•
$$c_2(\mathcal{E}) =: c_2\Sigma, \leftrightarrow c_2 \in \mathbb{Z};$$

• Discriminant: $\Delta(\mathcal{E}) = (c_1^2 - 4c_2/d)\Sigma := \Delta\Sigma;$

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Setup Rational curves

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Setup Rational curves

 M ⊂ RatCurves(X) irreducible component such that Locus(M) = X dominating family of rational curves; a curve belonging to such an M is a free curve

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Setup Rational curves

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- M ⊂ RatCurves(X) irreducible component such that Locus(M) = X dominating family of rational curves; a curve belonging to such an M is a free curve
- $\mu = H_X \cdot \mathcal{M};$

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- $\mu = H_X \cdot \mathcal{M};$
- Splitting type of ℓ is (a, b) if ν* ε = O_{P¹}(a) ⊕ O_{P¹}(b);

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- $\mu = H_X \cdot \mathcal{M};$
- Splitting type of ℓ is (a,b) if $\nu^* \mathcal{E} = \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}(a) \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}(b)$;
- $\tau(\ell) = |a b|/\mu;$

Setup Rational curves

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- $\tau(\ell) = |a b|/\mu;$
- $\mathcal{M}^t \subset \mathcal{M}$: curves of \mathcal{M} with $\tau(\ell) = t \in (1/\mu)\mathbb{Z}$;

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- *M*^t ⊂ RatCurves(P(*E*)) family of minimal sections over curves parametrized by *M*^t;

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- $\mathcal{M}_x \subset \mathcal{M}$: curves of \mathcal{M} passing through *x*.

Setup Rational curves

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• $\beta := \min\{b \in \mathbb{Z} \mid H^0(X, \mathcal{E}(b)) \neq 0\}.$

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Setup Stability

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- $\beta := \min\{b \in \mathbb{Z} \mid H^0(X, \mathcal{E}(b)) \neq 0\}.$
- \mathcal{E} is stable (semistable) iff $\beta > -c_1/2$ ($\beta \ge -c_1/2$).

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- $\beta := \min\{b \in \mathbb{Z} \mid H^0(X, \mathcal{E}(b)) \neq 0\}.$
- \mathcal{E} is stable (semistable) iff $\beta > -c_1/2$ ($\beta \ge -c_1/2$).
- $\Delta > 0$ implies \mathcal{E} not semistable;

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- $\beta := \min\{b \in \mathbb{Z} \mid H^0(X, \mathcal{E}(b)) \neq 0\}.$
- \mathcal{E} is stable (semistable) iff $\beta > -c_1/2$ ($\beta \ge -c_1/2$).
- $\Delta > 0$ implies \mathcal{E} not semistable;
- $\Delta = 0$ implies \mathcal{E} not semistable, unless \mathcal{E} is trivial.

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• $\beta := \min\{b \in \mathbb{Z} \mid H^0(X, \mathcal{E}(b)) \neq 0\}.$

- \mathcal{E} is stable (semistable) iff $\beta > -c_1/2$ ($\beta \ge -c_1/2$).
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- $\Delta = 0$ implies \mathcal{E} not semistable, unless \mathcal{E} is trivial.

If
$$\Delta = 0$$
 either $c_1(\mathcal{E}) = c_2(\mathcal{E}) = 0$ or $c_1(S^2\mathcal{E}(1)) = c_2(S^2\mathcal{E}(1)) = 0$.

Setup

Stability

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- $\beta := \min\{b \in \mathbb{Z} \mid H^0(X, \mathcal{E}(b)) \neq 0\}.$
- \mathcal{E} is stable (semistable) iff $\beta > -c_1/2$ ($\beta \ge -c_1/2$).
- $\Delta > 0$ implies \mathcal{E} not semistable;
- $\Delta = 0$ implies \mathcal{E} not semistable, unless \mathcal{E} is trivial.

If
$$\Delta = 0$$
 either $c_1(\mathcal{E}) = c_2(\mathcal{E}) = 0$ or $c_1(S^2\mathcal{E}(1)) = c_2(S^2\mathcal{E}(1)) = 0$.

Mehta -Ramanathan: Any stable vector bundle with trivial c_1 and c_2 is given by an irreducible unitary representation of $\pi_1(X)$.

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If \mathcal{E} is semistable (and not stable) then $h^0(\mathcal{E}) \neq 0$ and $h^0(\mathcal{E}(-1)) = 0$ so that \mathcal{E} is trivial, as $c_2 = 0$.

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In the second case we use that $S^2 \mathcal{E}(1)$ is polystable (sum of stables).

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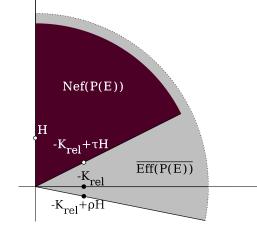
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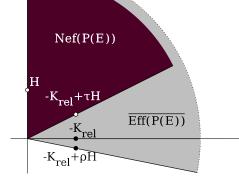
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• $-K_{rel} + \tau H$ is the second ray of Nef($\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$);



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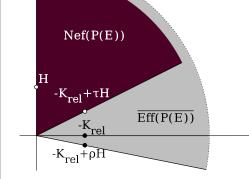
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- $-K_{rel} + \rho H$ is the second ray of $\overline{\text{Eff}(\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E}))}$.

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A (slight) generalization of a result of Ancona, Peternell and Wiśniewski Lemma (1)

Assume that, for some rational number q there is a surface $S \subset \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ such that $\pi_{|S}$ is finite and that $(L - qH) \cdot C = 0$ for every $C \subset S$. Then

$$c_2 = dq(c_1 - q).$$

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$$c_2 = dq(c_1 - q).$$

Proof.

By the relative Euler sequence restricted to S

$$0 \to (\omega_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})/X}(1))|_{S} \longrightarrow (\pi^{*}\mathcal{E})|_{S} \longrightarrow (\mathcal{O}(1))|_{S} \to 0.$$

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 $0 \to (\omega_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})/X}(1))|_{S} \longrightarrow (\pi^{*}\mathcal{E})|_{S} \longrightarrow (\mathcal{O}(1))|_{S} \to 0.$ we get that: $c_{2}((\pi^{*}\mathcal{E})|_{S}) = (c_{1}(-L+c_{1}H) \cdot c_{1}(L))|_{S}.$

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A (slight) generalization of a result of Ancona, Peternell and Wiśniewski Lemma (1)

Assume that, for some rational number q there is a surface $S \subset \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ such that $\pi_{|S}$ is finite and that $(L - qH) \cdot C = 0$ for every $C \subset S$. Then

$$c_2 = dq(c_1 - q).$$

Proof.

By the relative Euler sequence restricted to S

 $0 \rightarrow (\omega_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})/X}(1))|_{S} \longrightarrow (\pi^{*}\mathcal{E})|_{S} \longrightarrow (\mathcal{O}(1))|_{S} \rightarrow 0.$ we get that: $c_{2}((\pi^{*}\mathcal{E})|_{S}) = (c_{1}(-L+c_{1}H) \cdot c_{1}(L))|_{S}.$ Using that $L_{|S} \equiv_{\text{num}} qH_{|S}$, we deduce

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The following was proved by Ballico for $X = \mathbb{P}^n$ and \mathcal{M} the family of lines; his proof applies verbatim in our setting

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Lemma (2)

Assume that $c_2 = dr(c_1 - r)$ for some rational number r and that there exists a curve $\ell \in \mathcal{M}$ such that the splitting type of \mathcal{E} is (a, b) with

$$|a-b| \le \mu |2r-c_1|$$

then E splits.

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then \mathcal{E} splits.

If there is a surface as in Lemma (1) containing a minimal section over a curve in \mathcal{M} both conditions are satisfied.

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Assume that there is a surface $S \subset X$, which contains a free rational curve, and such that \mathcal{E}_{1S} splits. Then \mathcal{E} splits.

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Corollary

Assume that there is a surface $S \subset X$, which contains a free rational curve, and such that \mathcal{E}_{1S} splits. Then \mathcal{E} splits.

Corollary

Assume that there exists a rational number r such that $r\mu \in \mathbb{Z}$ and

 $\widetilde{\mathcal{M}}_{y}^{r\mu}$ contains a complete curve *T* for some $y \in \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$.

Then \mathcal{E} splits.

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Proof.

Let *S* be the locus of curves parametrized by the complete curve *T*; in *S* every curve is numerically proportional to a curve of $\widetilde{\mathcal{M}}_{\nu}^{r\mu}$.

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Corollary

Assume that \mathcal{E} is indecomposable. If $-K_{rel} + \tau H$ is semiample then any fiber of the second contraction has dimension less than or equal to one.

Proof.

If the second contraction has a fiber F of dimension at least two, we take S to be a surface contained in F and we apply Lemmata (1) and (2).

Proposition

Assume that \mathcal{M}_x is proper for a general $x \in X$, that $\beta \leq 0$ and that

- $\tau < 2i_X 2\beta c_1 4/\mu$ if $(c_1, \beta) \neq (0, 0)$;
- $\tau < 2i_X 6/\mu$, $if(c_1, \beta) = (0, 0)$.

Then \mathcal{E} splits as a sum of line bundles.

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Idea of proof.

Assume we are in case $(c_1, \beta) \neq (0, 0)$.

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Assume we are in case $(c_1, \beta) \neq (0, 0)$.

The existence of $D \in |L + \beta H|$ excludes splitting types with τ small with respect to β .

Moreover D has negative intersection with minimal sections.

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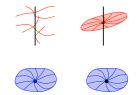
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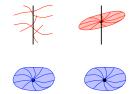
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If the number of possible splitting types is less than or equal to the dimension of \mathcal{M}_x we get a complete curve in \mathcal{M}_x^a for some *a*.

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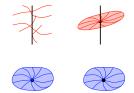
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Therefore for a general $x \in X$ the existence of a complete curve in \mathcal{M}_x^t implies the existence of a complete curve in $\widetilde{\mathcal{M}}_y^t$



If the number of possible splitting types is less than or equal to the dimension of \mathcal{M}_x we get a complete curve in \mathcal{M}_x^a for some *a*.

We then compute the maximum number of possible splitting types and the dimension of \mathcal{M}_x in terms of the invariants.

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Remark

The bound in the above Corollary is better than the bound one gets from Castelnuovo-Mumford regularity.

G. Occhetta

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By the canonical bundle formula

$$-K_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})} = 2L + (i_X - c_1)H$$

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From now on we assume that \mathcal{E} is a Fano bundle, i.e. that $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ is a Fano manifold. This is equivalent to

$$\tau < i_X$$

In particular $-K_{rel} + \tau H$ is semiample and is the supporting divisor of a Mori contraction $\varphi : \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E}) \to Y$, which we call the **second contraction**.

By the canonical bundle formula

$$-K_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})} = 2L + (i_X - c_1)H$$

we see that

$$i_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})} = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } i_X - c_1 \equiv 0 \mod 2\\ 1 & \text{if } i_X - c_1 \not\equiv 0 \mod 2 \end{cases}$$

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X	Blow-ups	Conic bundles	\mathbb{P}^1 -bundles
\mathbb{P}^2	\mathbb{Q}^3 along line	Divisor of type	$\mathbb{P}(T_{\mathbb{P}^2})$
	\mathbb{P}^3 along Γ_3	$(2,1)$ in $\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^2$	
\mathbb{P}^3			$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{N})$
\mathbb{Q}^3		$\mathbb{P}(\pi^*\mathcal{N})$	$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{S})$
\mathbb{Q}^5			$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{C})$
V_{4}^{3}		$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{Q} _{V_4})$	
V_{5}^{3}	\mathbb{P}^4 along $S(V_5)$		
$K(G_2)$			$\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{Q})$

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Table: Known indecomposable Fano bundles on Fanos with $b_2 = b_4 = 1$

• \mathcal{N} null-correlation bundle;

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- \mathcal{N} null-correlation bundle;
- *S* spinor bundle;

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- \mathcal{N} null-correlation bundle;
- S spinor bundle;
- *C* Cayley bundle;

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- \mathcal{N} null-correlation bundle;
- S spinor bundle;
- C Cayley bundle;
- Q universal quotient bundle.

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For simplicity we assume from now on that $\mu = 1$.

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For simplicity we assume from now on that $\mu = 1$.

Denote by R_2 the second extremal ray, and by *C* a rational curve of minimal degree spanning R_2 .

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If \mathcal{E} is indecomposable then the second contraction $\varphi : \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E}) \to Y$, its length and the Fano threshold of \mathcal{E} are

- **1** A \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle, $l(R_2) = 2, \tau = i_X \frac{2}{H \cdot C};$
- **2** a conic bundle with reducible fibers, $l(R_2) = 1$, $\tau = i_X \frac{1}{H \cdot C}$;
- 3 the blow-up of a codimension two smooth subvariety, $l(R_2) = 1$, $\tau = i_X - \frac{1}{H \cdot C}$.

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In all cases Y is smooth and Fano.

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Two useful formulae

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Since $-K_{rel} + \tau H$ is semiample, if $\Delta < 0$ we have the following two formulae (seen in Solá's talk)

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Two useful formulae

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Since $-K_{rel} + \tau H$ is semiample, if $\Delta < 0$ we have the following two formulae (seen in Solá's talk)

$$\arg(\tau + \sqrt{\Delta}) = \frac{\pi}{n+1} \qquad \text{fiber type}$$
$$\arg(\rho + \sqrt{\Delta}) + n \arg(\tau + \sqrt{\Delta}) = \pi \quad \text{divisorial}$$

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Theorem (Grauert-Schneider for Fanos)

If \mathcal{E} is not stable and indecomposable then $X \simeq \mathbb{P}^2$ and \mathcal{E} is a bundle whose projectivization is the blow-up of a smooth three-dimensional quadric along a line.

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Proof. By Corollary (3), \mathcal{E} splits unless possibly when $c_1 = \beta = 0$.

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• $\rho = 0;$

•
$$l(R_2) = 1;$$

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$$\tau = i_X - \frac{1}{H \cdot C}$$
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Notice that $\beta = 0$, then $c_2 > 0$, hence $\Delta < 0$.

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we get $i_X = 3$.

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If n = 2, X is \mathbb{P}^2 ; the formula above gives $c_2 = 1$ and we conclude by the classification given by Szurek and Wiśniewski.

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle structure

X	Y	bundle
\mathbb{P}^2	\mathbb{P}^2	$T_{\mathbb{P}^2}$
\mathbb{P}^3	\mathbb{Q}^3	\mathcal{N}
\mathbb{Q}^3	\mathbb{P}^3	S
\mathbb{Q}^5	$K(G_2)$	\mathcal{C}
$K(G_2)$	\mathbb{Q}^5	Q

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Table: Known indecomposable double \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle structure

• \mathcal{N} null-correlation bundle;

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 **-bundle** structure

Theorem

For a Fano bundle $\mathcal E$ the following are equivalent

1 $i_X - c_1(\mathcal{E}) \equiv 0 \pmod{2};$

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 **-bundle** structure

Theorem

- **1** $i_X c_1(\mathcal{E}) \equiv 0 \pmod{2};$
- **2** $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ has a second contraction which is a \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle;

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 **-bundle structure**

Theorem

- 1 $i_X c_1(\mathcal{E}) \equiv 0 \pmod{2};$
- **2** $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ has a second contraction which is a \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle;
- **3** (X, \mathcal{E}) is one of the following

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle structure

Theorem

- **1** $i_X c_1(\mathcal{E}) \equiv 0 \pmod{2};$
- **2** $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ has a second contraction which is a \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle;
- 3 (X, \mathcal{E}) is one of the following 1 $(\mathbb{P}^2, T_{\mathbb{P}^2});$

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle structure

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 - **1** $(\mathbb{P}^2, T_{\mathbb{P}^2});$
 - **2** $(\mathbb{P}^3, \mathcal{N})$, with \mathcal{N} a null-correlation bundle;

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 **-bundle structure**

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- **3** (X, \mathcal{E}) is one of the following
 - **1** $(\mathbb{P}^2, T_{\mathbb{P}^2})$;

 - 2 (P³, N), with N a null-correlation bundle;
 3 (Q³, S) with S the restriction of a spinor bundle;

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 - **1** $(\mathbb{P}^2, T_{\mathbb{P}^2});$
 - **2** $(\mathbb{P}^3, \mathcal{N})$, with \mathcal{N} a null-correlation bundle;
 - **3** (\mathbb{Q}^3, S) with S the restriction of a spinor bundle;
 - 4 $(\mathbb{Q}^5, \mathcal{C})$ with \mathcal{C} a Cayley bundle;

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle structure

Theorem

- 1 $i_X c_1(\mathcal{E}) \equiv 0 \pmod{2};$
- **2** $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ has a second contraction which is a \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle;
- **3** (X, \mathcal{E}) is one of the following
 - **1** $(\mathbb{P}^2, T_{\mathbb{P}^2});$
 - **2** $(\mathbb{P}^3, \mathcal{N})$, with \mathcal{N} a null-correlation bundle;
 - **3** (\mathbb{Q}^3, S) with S the restriction of a spinor bundle;
 - **4** $(\mathbb{Q}^5, \mathcal{C})$ with \mathcal{C} a Cayley bundle;
 - **5** $(K(G_2), Q)$, with Q the restriction of the universal quotient bundle.

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 **-bundle** structure

Theorem

For a Fano bundle \mathcal{E} the following are equivalent

- 1 $i_X c_1(\mathcal{E}) \equiv 0 \pmod{2};$
- **2** $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ has a second contraction which is a \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle;
- **3** (X, \mathcal{E}) is one of the following
 - **1** $(\mathbb{P}^2, T_{\mathbb{P}^2});$
 - **2** $(\mathbb{P}^3, \mathcal{N})$, with \mathcal{N} a null-correlation bundle;
 - **3** (\mathbb{Q}^3, S) with S the restriction of a spinor bundle;
 - **4** $(\mathbb{Q}^5, \mathcal{C})$ with \mathcal{C} a Cayley bundle;
 - **5** $(K(G_2), Q)$, with Q the restriction of the universal quotient bundle.

$$(1) \Rightarrow (2).$$

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Double \mathbb{P}^1 **-bundle** structure

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 - **5** $(K(G_2), Q)$, with Q the restriction of the universal quotient bundle.

 $(1) \Rightarrow (2).$

Condition (1) implies that $i_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})} = 2$, hence $l(R_2) = 2$.

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 $(2) \Rightarrow (3).$

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$(2) \Rightarrow (3).$

Assume that $\varphi : \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E}) \to Y$ makes $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ a \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle over a smooth (Fano) variety *Y*.

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Other results Grauert - Mülich Uniform bundles $(2) \Rightarrow (3).$

Assume that $\varphi : \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E}) \to Y$ makes $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ a \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle over a smooth (Fano) variety *Y*. Denote by \mathcal{F} the normalized rank two vector bundle on *Y* whose projectivization is $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$.

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Multiplying the two formulae we finally get

$$(i_X - 2)(i_Y - 2) = \tau \overline{\tau} =$$

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$$(i_X - 2)(i_Y - 2) = \tau \overline{\tau} = 4\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{n+1}\right) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = 2\\ 2 & \text{if } n = 3\\ 3 & \text{if } n = 5 \end{cases}$$

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 $(3) \Rightarrow (2).$

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Assume that \mathcal{M}_x is irreducible for $x \in X$ general and let (a, b) with $a \leq b$ be the general splitting type of \mathcal{E} .

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Corollary (G-M for Fanos)

Let \mathcal{M} be a covering family of rational curves on X such that \mathcal{M}_x is irreducible for general $x \in X$. Let (a, b) with $a \leq b$ be the general splitting type of \mathcal{E} . If \mathcal{E} is semistable, then $b - a \leq 1$.

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Irreducibility of \mathcal{M}_x What is known

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Irreducibility of \mathcal{M}_x What is known

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Let \mathcal{M} be a minimal dominating family for X. Then

• If dim $\mathcal{M}_x \geq \frac{\dim X - 1}{2}$ then \mathcal{M}_x is irreducible (Kebekus and Kovács);

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Let \mathcal{M} be a minimal dominating family for X. Then

- If dim $\mathcal{M}_x \geq \frac{\dim X 1}{2}$ then \mathcal{M}_x is irreducible (Kebekus and Kovács);
- If Pic(X) ≃ Z and M_x is positive dimensional, it is irreducible in all the known examples;

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Irreducibility of \mathcal{M}_x What is known

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Let \mathcal{M} be a minimal dominating family for X. Then

- If dim $\mathcal{M}_x \geq \frac{\dim X 1}{2}$ then \mathcal{M}_x is irreducible (Kebekus and Kovács);
- If Pic(X) ≃ Z and M_x is positive dimensional, it is irreducible in all the known examples;
- If $\operatorname{Pic}(X) \not\simeq \mathbb{Z}$ there are examples with dim $\mathcal{M}_x = \frac{\dim X 3}{2}$ and \mathcal{M}_x reducible for all $x \in X$.

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Uniform bundles A condition for splitting

Lemma (5)

Assume that \mathcal{E} is uniform of type (a, b) with a < b with respect to an unsplit covering family \mathcal{M} of rational curves on X, and that $H^0(\mathcal{E}(-b)) \neq 0$. Then $\mathcal{E} = \mathcal{O}_X(a) \oplus \mathcal{O}_X(b)$.

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Theorem

Assume that \mathcal{M} is unsplit and that \mathcal{M}_x is irreducible for a general $x \in X$. If \mathcal{E} is indecomposable and uniform with respect to \mathcal{M} , then (X, \mathcal{E}) is either $(\mathbb{P}^2, T_{\mathbb{P}^2})$, $(\mathbb{Q}^3, \mathcal{S})$ or $(K(G_2), \mathcal{Q})$.

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Proof.

By Proposition (4) and Lemma (5) we have b - a = 1 and that the family of minimal sections is covering.

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The second contraction is a \mathbb{P}^1 -bundle, and we apply the previous theorem, checking uniformity in the classification.

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